

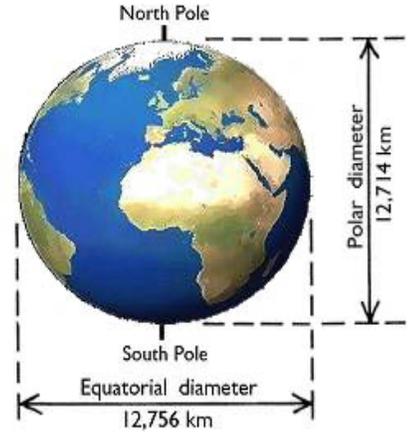
Name \_\_\_\_\_

HR \_\_\_\_\_

### The Earth Outline

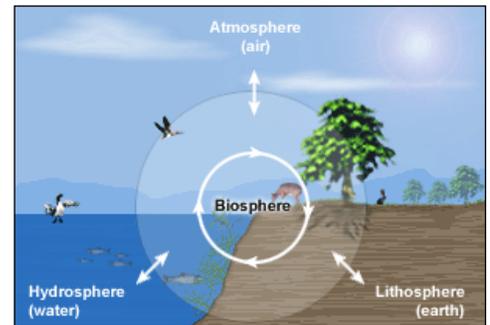
#### Earth's Shape

- Earth is an \_\_\_\_\_, slightly flattened at the \_\_\_\_\_ and bulging a little at the \_\_\_\_\_
- From outer space, \_\_\_\_\_ looks perfectly \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_



#### Earth's Structure

- The Earth has \_\_\_\_\_ major parts
  - \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_\_)
  - \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_\_)
  - \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_\_)



#### The Lithosphere

- The dense, solid \_\_\_\_\_ of the earth composed of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ that surrounds the more fluid inner layers

#### The Hydrosphere

- The \_\_\_\_\_ of the earth including the \_\_\_\_\_, lakes, rivers, and \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_
- Covers over \_\_\_\_\_% of the earth's \_\_\_\_\_

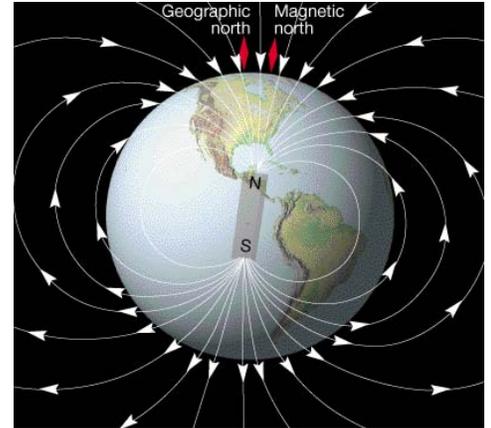
#### The Atmosphere

- The shell of \_\_\_\_\_ that surround the earth and is \_\_\_\_\_ into zones
  - \_\_\_\_\_ contains the gasses necessary for \_\_\_\_\_
- 78% \_\_\_\_\_, 21% \_\_\_\_\_, 1% other gasses
- Strong winds and storms along with most of the water vapor and clouds
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_



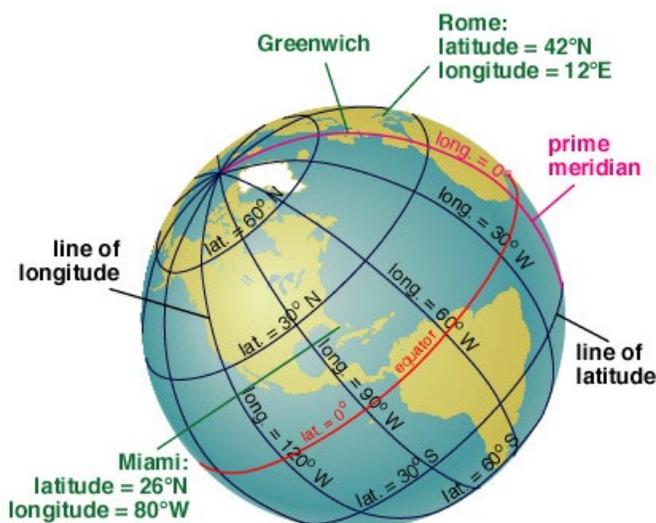
## Earth's Magnetic Field

- Our planet has a \_\_\_\_\_ field as if a giant bar \_\_\_\_\_ were buried within Earth.
- When you use a magnetic \_\_\_\_\_, the compass needle points toward Earth's magnetic \_\_\_\_\_ that is very close to the \_\_\_\_\_ North Pole.



## Locating Positions on Earth

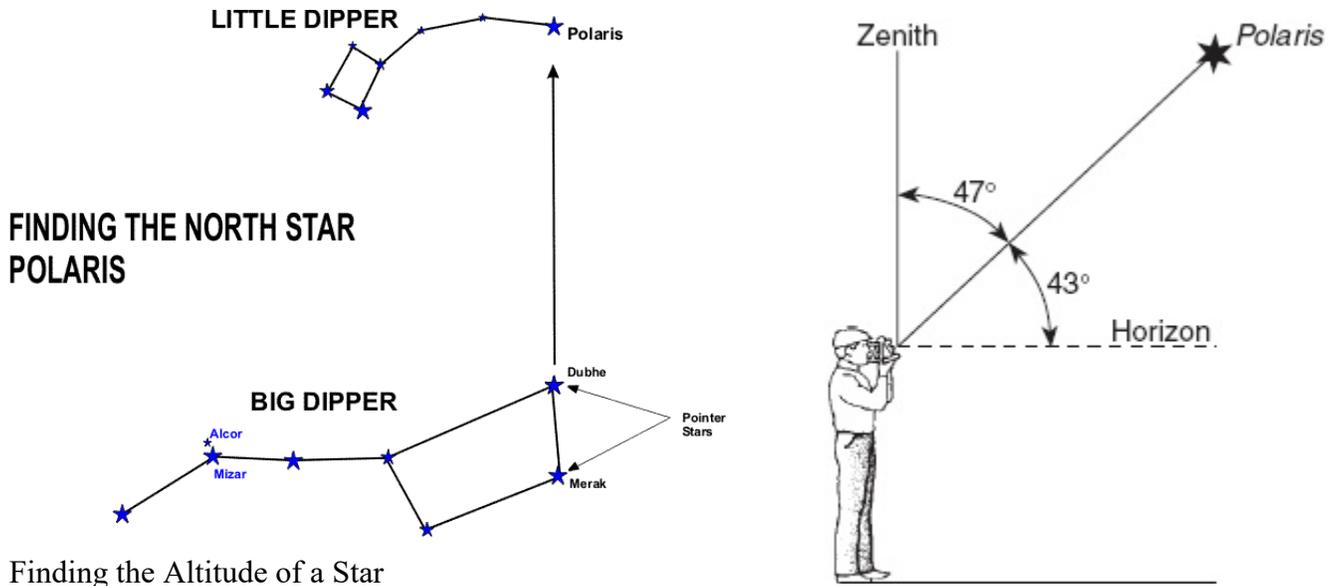
- \_\_\_\_\_ System
  - Scientists have established a surface \_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_\_) that you can use to \_\_\_\_\_ any \_\_\_\_\_ on Earth.
  - Each pair of \_\_\_\_\_ (2 numbers) are called the latitude and longitude
- \_\_\_\_\_ are distances in degrees \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_
  - The \_\_\_\_\_ is an imaginary line that circles the Earth \_\_\_\_\_ between the \_\_\_\_\_ Pole and the \_\_\_\_\_ Pole.
- \_\_\_\_\_ are distances in degrees \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_
  - The \_\_\_\_\_ is an imaginary line that runs through \_\_\_\_\_, England, from the \_\_\_\_\_ Pole to the \_\_\_\_\_ Pole



## Coordinate System

### Navigation

- The science of \_\_\_\_\_ your \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_
- Any location \_\_\_\_\_ of the equator has a latitude that is \_\_\_\_\_ to the angle of \_\_\_\_\_ (the \_\_\_\_\_ Star's altitude) above the \_\_\_\_\_



### Finding the Altitude of a Star

- The \_\_\_\_\_ is the angular height above the \_\_\_\_\_
- Measurement can be made using an \_\_\_\_\_  
 – A protractor with a heavy weight suspended

### Solar Time and Clock Time

- \_\_\_\_\_ time is based on observations of the \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the time when the \_\_\_\_\_ reaches its \_\_\_\_\_ point in the \_\_\_\_\_

### Calculating Longitude

- Find the difference between \_\_\_\_\_ clock time and \_\_\_\_\_ time
- \_\_\_\_\_ this time difference by \_\_\_\_\_ ° per hour

•If local time is \_\_\_\_\_ than Greenwich time, your position is \_\_\_\_\_ of the prime meridian or \_\_\_\_\_ Longitude

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Fields

•A region of \_\_\_\_\_ where every point or location can be measured

• \_\_\_\_\_ connect points of equal values on a field map

• \_\_\_\_\_ connect points of equal \_\_\_\_\_

• \_\_\_\_\_ connect points of equal \_\_\_\_\_ pressure

• \_\_\_\_\_ connect point of equal \_\_\_\_\_

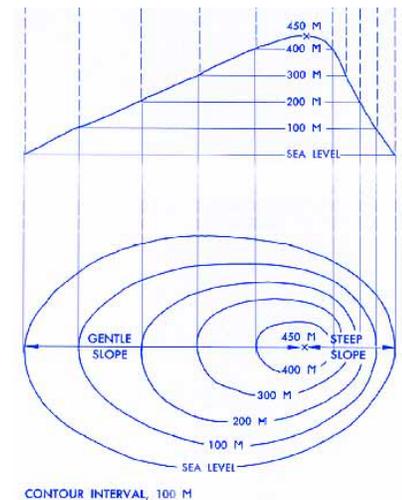
Topographic Map (Contour Map)

•Show the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Earth's \_\_\_\_\_

•Contour lines drawn on a map give the \_\_\_\_\_ for a region

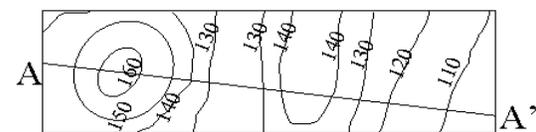
•Where the lines are \_\_\_\_\_, the slope of the ground is \_\_\_\_\_

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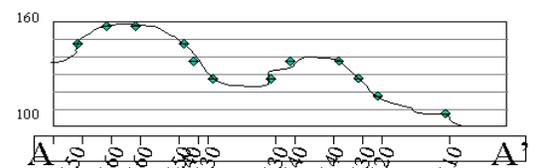


Contour Map Example

1. Which hill is higher, hill A or hill B?
2. Which hill is steeper, hill A or hill B?
3. How many feet of elevation are there between contour lines?
4. How high is hill A? Hill B?
5. Are the contour lines closer on hill A or hill B?



Topographic Profile



- A cross sectional view that shows the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_

### Determining Gradient and Slope

- The \_\_\_\_\_ of change in field values between two points in a field
- The average \_\_\_\_\_, or gradient, between any two \_\_\_\_\_ (A and B) on a mountain can be determined from a contour map

**Gradient =** \_\_\_\_\_

### Determining Gradient Sample Problem

- Calculate the average slope of a mountain trail from the 980-meter contour line to the 480-meter contour.
- The distance between these two elevations measures 4 kilometers.